

# Multiplication par 5 (A)

Calculez chaque produit.

$2 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 1 =$

$8 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 10 =$

$3 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 5 =$

$2 \times 5 =$

$4 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 5 =$

$2 \times 5 =$

$11 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 1 =$

$5 \times 10 =$

$5 \times 11 =$

$5 \times 9 =$

$5 \times 7 =$

$1 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 7 =$

$5 \times 12 =$

$12 \times 5 =$

$0 \times 5 =$

$11 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 7 =$

$5 \times 12 =$

$1 \times 5 =$

$11 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 8 =$

$5 \times 4 =$

$11 \times 5 =$

$8 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 1 =$

$7 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 5 =$

$5 \times 11 =$

$5 \times 12 =$

# Multiplication par 5 Solutions (A)

Calculez chaque produit.

$2 \times 5 = 10$

$5 \times 1 = 5$

$8 \times 5 = 40$

$5 \times 10 = 50$

$3 \times 5 = 15$

$5 \times 5 = 25$

$2 \times 5 = 10$

$4 \times 5 = 20$

$5 \times 5 = 25$

$2 \times 5 = 10$

$11 \times 5 = 55$

$5 \times 1 = 5$

$5 \times 10 = 50$

$5 \times 11 = 55$

$5 \times 9 = 45$

$5 \times 7 = 35$

$1 \times 5 = 5$

$5 \times 7 = 35$

$5 \times 12 = 60$

$12 \times 5 = 60$

$0 \times 5 = 0$

$11 \times 5 = 55$

$5 \times 7 = 35$

$5 \times 12 = 60$

$1 \times 5 = 5$

$11 \times 5 = 55$

$5 \times 5 = 25$

$5 \times 8 = 40$

$5 \times 4 = 20$

$11 \times 5 = 55$

$8 \times 5 = 40$

$5 \times 1 = 5$

$7 \times 5 = 35$

$5 \times 5 = 25$

$5 \times 11 = 55$

$5 \times 12 = 60$