

La Stratégie d'Addition de Doubles (H)

Utiliser une stratégie d'addition de Doubles pour trouver chaque somme.

Exemple: $12 + 14 = 12 + 12 + 2 = 26$

$11 + 12 =$

$14 + 15 =$

$15 + 15 =$

$6 + 7 =$

$13 + 15 =$

$5 + 5 =$

$14 + 13 =$

$14 + 15 =$

$12 + 11 =$

$14 + 14 =$

$2 + 3 =$

$3 + 4 =$

$9 + 10 =$

$12 + 13 =$

$8 + 10 =$

$5 + 7 =$

$10 + 11 =$

$3 + 2 =$

$8 + 10 =$

$3 + 5 =$

$10 + 12 =$

$6 + 6 =$

$10 + 9 =$

$3 + 5 =$

$10 + 9 =$

$4 + 2 =$

$15 + 15 =$

$12 + 10 =$

$15 + 14 =$

$7 + 6 =$

La Stratégie d'Addition de Doubles (H) Réponses

Utiliser une stratégie d'addition de Doubles pour trouver chaque somme.

Exemple: $12 + 14 = 12 + 12 + 2 = 26$

$11 + 12 =$

$11 + 11 + 1 = 23$

$14 + 15 =$

$14 + 14 + 1 = 29$

$15 + 15 =$

$15 + 15 + 0 = 30$

$6 + 7 =$

$6 + 6 + 1 = 13$

$13 + 15 =$

$13 + 13 + 2 = 28$

$5 + 5 =$

$5 + 5 + 0 = 10$

$14 + 13 =$

$14 + 14 - 1 = 27$

$14 + 15 =$

$14 + 14 + 1 = 29$

$12 + 11 =$

$12 + 12 - 1 = 23$

$14 + 14 =$

$14 + 14 + 0 = 28$

$2 + 3 =$

$2 + 2 + 1 = 5$

$3 + 4 =$

$3 + 3 + 1 = 7$

$9 + 10 =$

$9 + 9 + 1 = 19$

$12 + 13 =$

$12 + 12 + 1 = 25$

$8 + 10 =$

$8 + 8 + 2 = 18$

$5 + 7 =$

$5 + 5 + 2 = 12$

$10 + 11 =$

$10 + 10 + 1 = 21$

$3 + 2 =$

$3 + 3 - 1 = 5$

$8 + 10 =$

$8 + 8 + 2 = 18$

$3 + 5 =$

$3 + 3 + 2 = 8$

$10 + 12 =$

$10 + 10 + 2 = 22$

$6 + 6 =$

$6 + 6 + 0 = 12$

$10 + 9 =$

$10 + 10 - 1 = 19$

$3 + 5 =$

$3 + 3 + 2 = 8$

$10 + 9 =$

$10 + 10 - 1 = 19$

$4 + 2 =$

$4 + 4 - 2 = 6$

$15 + 15 =$

$15 + 15 + 0 = 30$

$12 + 10 =$

$12 + 12 - 2 = 22$

$15 + 14 =$

$15 + 15 - 1 = 29$

$7 + 6 =$

$7 + 7 - 1 = 13$