

Priorité des Opérations (E)

Nom: _____

Date: _____

Effectuez chaque expression à l'aide de l'ordre correct des opérations.

$$(((-10) + 9) \times (-2))^3 \div (5 - 3) \times (-9) \quad (7^2 - 6 + (-7)) \div ((-9) \times ((-4) \div (-2)))$$

$$(8 + (-7) - 6) \div ((4 \times (-9)) \div (-6)^2) \quad (2 - 8) \div (7 + (-4)) \times (-8) + 3^2$$

$$((-2) - 2^2) \times ((-3) + (-5)) \div ((-9) + 6) \quad ((-8) \times (-5)) \div ((-2)^3 - (-3) + 7)^3$$

Priorité des Opérations (E) Réponses

Nom: _____

Date: _____

Effectuez chaque expression à l'aide de l'ordre correct des opérations.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\left(\underline{-10} + 9 \right) \times (-2) \right)^3 \div (5 - 3) \times (-9) \\
 &= \left(\underline{-1} \times \underline{-2} \right)^3 \div (5 - 3) \times (-9) \\
 &= 2^3 \div (\underline{5 - 3}) \times (-9) \\
 &= \underline{2^3} \div 2 \times (-9) \\
 &= \underline{8 \div 2} \times (-9) \\
 &= \underline{4 \times (-9)} \\
 &= \underline{-36}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\underline{7^2} - 6 + (-7)) \div ((-9) \times ((-4) \div (-2))) \\
 &= (\underline{49 - 6} + (-7)) \div ((-9) \times ((-4) \div (-2))) \\
 &= (\underline{43 + (-7)}) \div ((-9) \times ((-4) \div (-2))) \\
 &= 36 \div \left((-9) \times \left(\underline{-4 \div (-2)} \right) \right) \\
 &= 36 \div \left(\underline{-9} \times \underline{2} \right) \\
 &= \underline{36 \div (-18)} \\
 &= \underline{-2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\underline{8 + (-7)} - 6) \div \left((4 \times (-9)) \div (-6)^2 \right) \\
 &= (\underline{1 - 6}) \div \left((4 \times (-9)) \div (-6)^2 \right) \\
 &= (-5) \div \left((\underline{4 \times (-9)}) \div (-6)^2 \right) \\
 &= (-5) \div \left((-36) \div \underline{(-6)^2} \right) \\
 &= (-5) \div \left(\underline{(-36) \div 36} \right) \\
 &= \underline{(-5) \div (-1)} \\
 &= \underline{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\underline{2 - 8}) \div (7 + (-4)) \times (-8) + 3^2 \\
 &= (-6) \div \left(\underline{7 + (-4)} \right) \times (-8) + 3^2 \\
 &= (-6) \div 3 \times (-8) + \underline{3^2} \\
 &= \underline{(-6) \div 3} \times (-8) + 9 \\
 &= \underline{(-2) \times (-8)} + 9 \\
 &= \underline{16 + 9} \\
 &= \underline{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & ((-2) - \underline{2^2}) \times ((-3) + (-5)) \div ((-9) + 6) \\
 &= (\underline{-2} - 4) \times ((-3) + (-5)) \div ((-9) + 6) \\
 &= (-6) \times \left(\underline{-3 + (-5)} \right) \div ((-9) + 6) \\
 &= (-6) \times (-8) \div \left(\underline{-9 + 6} \right) \\
 &= \underline{(-6) \times (-8)} \div (-3) \\
 &= \underline{48 \div (-3)} \\
 &= \underline{-16}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\underline{-8} \times \underline{-5}) \div \left((-2)^3 - (-3) + 7 \right)^3 \\
 &= 40 \div \left(\underline{-2^3} - (-3) + 7 \right)^3 \\
 &= 40 \div \left(\underline{-8 - (-3)} + 7 \right)^3 \\
 &= 40 \div \left(\underline{-5 + 7} \right)^3 \\
 &= 40 \div \underline{2^3} \\
 &= \underline{40 \div 8} \\
 &= \underline{5}
 \end{aligned}$$