

Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (I)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad x^2 + 2x - 8 = 27$$

$$7. \quad x^2 + 6x + 4 = -1$$

$$2. \quad x^2 - 4x - 2 = 3$$

$$8. \quad x^2 + x - 25 = 17$$

$$3. \quad x^2 - 15x + 32 = -24$$

$$9. \quad x^2 + 14x + 36 = -9$$

$$4. \quad x^2 + 7x - 2 = 6$$

$$10. \quad x^2 - 8 = 17$$

$$5. \quad x^2 + 3x - 4 = 36$$

$$11. \quad x^2 + 8x + 7 = 0$$

$$6. \quad x^2 + 9x + 3 = -5$$

$$12. \quad x^2 - 22 = 14$$

Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (I) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1. $x^2 + 2x - 8 = 27$
 $x^2 + 2x - 35 = 0$
 $(x + 7)(x - 5) = 0$
 $x = -7, 5$

7. $x^2 + 6x + 4 = -1$
 $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$
 $(x + 1)(x + 5) = 0$
 $x = -1, -5$

2. $x^2 - 4x - 2 = 3$
 $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$
 $(x + 1)(x - 5) = 0$
 $x = -1, 5$

8. $x^2 + x - 25 = 17$
 $x^2 + x - 42 = 0$
 $(x + 7)(x - 6) = 0$
 $x = -7, 6$

3. $x^2 - 15x + 32 = -24$
 $x^2 - 15x + 56 = 0$
 $(x - 8)(x - 7) = 0$
 $x = 8, 7$

9. $x^2 + 14x + 36 = -9$
 $x^2 + 14x + 45 = 0$
 $(x + 5)(x + 9) = 0$
 $x = -5, -9$

4. $x^2 + 7x - 2 = 6$
 $x^2 + 7x - 8 = 0$
 $(x - 1)(x + 8) = 0$
 $x = 1, -8$

10. $x^2 - 8 = 17$
 $x^2 - 25 = 0$
 $(x + 5)(x - 5) = 0$
 $x = -5, 5$

5. $x^2 + 3x - 4 = 36$
 $x^2 + 3x - 40 = 0$
 $(x - 5)(x + 8) = 0$
 $x = 5, -8$

11. $x^2 + 8x + 7 = 0$
 $x^2 + 8x + 7 = 0$
 $(x + 1)(x + 7) = 0$
 $x = -1, -7$

6. $x^2 + 9x + 3 = -5$
 $x^2 + 9x + 8 = 0$
 $(x + 1)(x + 8) = 0$
 $x = -1, -8$

12. $x^2 - 22 = 14$
 $x^2 - 36 = 0$
 $(x + 6)(x - 6) = 0$
 $x = -6, 6$