

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (A)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -20x^2 - 17x + 43 = -20$$

$$7. \quad -20x^2 + 13x + 18 = -54$$

$$2. \quad 42x^2 + 20x - 10 = 22$$

$$8. \quad 64x^2 - 32x - 29 = 3$$

$$3. \quad -6x^2 - 38x + 3 = -25$$

$$9. \quad 45x^2 - 62x - 8 = 8$$

$$4. \quad 21x^2 + 31x = -4$$

$$10. \quad -16x^2 + 8x + 20 = -43$$

$$5. \quad -27x^2 - 42x + 3 = -2$$

$$11. \quad 20x^2 - 18x - 10 = 4$$

$$6. \quad -18x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$$

$$12. \quad -24x^2 - 4x + 40 = -8$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (A) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-20x^2 - 17x + 43 = -20$   
 $-20x^2 - 17x + 63 = 0$   
 $-(5x - 7)(4x + 9) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{2}{5}, -2 \frac{1}{4}$

7.  $-20x^2 + 13x + 18 = -54$   
 $-20x^2 + 13x + 72 = 0$   
 $-(4x - 9)(5x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = 2 \frac{1}{4}, -1 \frac{3}{5}$

2.  $42x^2 + 20x - 10 = 22$   
 $42x^2 + 20x - 32 = 0$   
 $(6x - 4)(7x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = 2/3, -1 \frac{1}{7}$

8.  $64x^2 - 32x - 29 = 3$   
 $64x^2 - 32x - 32 = 0$   
 $(8x - 8)(8x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = 1, -1/2$

3.  $-6x^2 - 38x + 3 = -25$   
 $-6x^2 - 38x + 28 = 0$   
 $(6x - 4)(x + 7) = 0$   
 $x = 2/3, -7$

9.  $45x^2 - 62x - 8 = 8$   
 $45x^2 - 62x - 16 = 0$   
 $(5x - 8)(9x + 2) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{3}{5}, -2/9$

4.  $21x^2 + 31x = -4$   
 $21x^2 + 31x + 4 = 0$   
 $(7x + 1)(3x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = -1/7, -1 \frac{1}{3}$

10.  $-16x^2 + 8x + 20 = -43$   
 $-16x^2 + 8x + 63 = 0$   
 $-(4x + 7)(4x - 9) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{3}{4}, 2 \frac{1}{4}$

5.  $-27x^2 - 42x + 3 = -2$   
 $-27x^2 - 42x + 5 = 0$   
 $(3x + 5)(9x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{2}{3}, 1/9$

11.  $20x^2 - 18x - 10 = 4$   
 $20x^2 - 18x - 14 = 0$   
 $(5x - 7)(4x + 2) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{2}{5}, -1/2$

6.  $-18x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$   
 $-18x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0$   
 $(3x - 1)(6x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = 1/3, -1/6$

12.  $-24x^2 - 4x + 40 = -8$   
 $-24x^2 - 4x + 48 = 0$   
 $-(6x - 8)(4x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{1}{3}, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (B)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -72x^2 + 126x - 3 = 51$$

$$7. \quad -40x^2 + 22x + 4 = -4$$

$$2. \quad -56x^2 - 30x + 28 = -26$$

$$8. \quad 4x^2 + 12x - 6 = 1$$

$$3. \quad 9x^2 - 59x + 14 = -16$$

$$9. \quad 4x^2 + 13x + 4 = -6$$

$$4. \quad 36x^2 - 6x - 2 = 4$$

$$10. \quad -6x^2 + 20x + 7 = -9$$

$$5. \quad 7x^2 + 62x - 2 = 7$$

$$11. \quad -28x^2 + 72x - 26 = 6$$

$$6. \quad -9x^2 + 69x - 22 = 20$$

$$12. \quad -25x^2 - 30x + 3 = -24$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (B) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-72x^2 + 126x - 3 = 51$   
 $-72x^2 + 126x - 54 = 0$   
 $-(8x - 6)(9x - 9) = 0$   
 $x = 3/4, 1$

7.  $-40x^2 + 22x + 4 = -4$   
 $-40x^2 + 22x + 8 = 0$   
 $-(8x + 2)(5x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = -1/4, 4/5$

2.  $-56x^2 - 30x + 28 = -26$   
 $-56x^2 - 30x + 54 = 0$   
 $(7x + 9)(8x - 6) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{2}{7}, 3/4$

8.  $4x^2 + 12x - 6 = 1$   
 $4x^2 + 12x - 7 = 0$   
 $(2x + 7)(2x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = -3 \frac{1}{2}, 1/2$

3.  $9x^2 - 59x + 14 = -16$   
 $9x^2 - 59x + 30 = 0$   
 $(x - 6)(9x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = 6, 5/9$

9.  $4x^2 + 13x + 4 = -6$   
 $4x^2 + 13x + 10 = 0$   
 $(4x + 5)(x + 2) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{1}{4}, -2$

4.  $36x^2 - 6x - 2 = 4$   
 $36x^2 - 6x - 6 = 0$   
 $(4x - 2)(9x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = 1/2, -1/3$

10.  $-6x^2 + 20x + 7 = -9$   
 $-6x^2 + 20x + 16 = 0$   
 $-(6x + 4)(x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = -2/3, 4$

5.  $7x^2 + 62x - 2 = 7$   
 $7x^2 + 62x - 9 = 0$   
 $(x + 9)(7x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = -9, 1/7$

11.  $-28x^2 + 72x - 26 = 6$   
 $-28x^2 + 72x - 32 = 0$   
 $-(7x - 4)(4x - 8) = 0$   
 $x = 4/7, 2$

6.  $-9x^2 + 69x - 22 = 20$   
 $-9x^2 + 69x - 42 = 0$   
 $(9x - 6)(x - 7) = 0$   
 $x = 2/3, 7$

12.  $-25x^2 - 30x + 3 = -24$   
 $-25x^2 - 30x + 27 = 0$   
 $-(5x + 9)(5x - 3) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{4}{5}, 3/5$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (C)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -45x^2 - 85x - 16 = 24$$

$$7. \quad -21x^2 + 48x - 10 = 2$$

$$2. \quad -24x^2 - 43x + 10 = -46$$

$$8. \quad -42x^2 - 117x - 19 = 62$$

$$3. \quad 28x^2 - 38x - 3 = 3$$

$$9. \quad -63x^2 + 58x - 2 = 5$$

$$4. \quad 56x^2 + 10x - 19 = 5$$

$$10. \quad 18x^2 - 8x - 3 = 7$$

$$5. \quad 18x^2 + 6x - 11 = 1$$

$$11. \quad 16x^2 - 22x + 2 = -5$$

$$6. \quad 28x^2 + 75x + 3 = -24$$

$$12. \quad 45x^2 - 58x + 2 = -14$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (C) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-45x^2 - 85x - 16 = 24$   
 $-45x^2 - 85x - 40 = 0$   
 $-(5x + 5)(9x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = -1, -8/9$

7.  $-21x^2 + 48x - 10 = 2$   
 $-21x^2 + 48x - 12 = 0$   
 $-(7x - 2)(3x - 6) = 0$   
 $x = 2/7, 2$

2.  $-24x^2 - 43x + 10 = -46$   
 $-24x^2 - 43x + 56 = 0$   
 $(8x - 7)(3x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = 7/8, -2 \frac{2}{3}$

8.  $-42x^2 - 117x - 19 = 62$   
 $-42x^2 - 117x - 81 = 0$   
 $-(7x + 9)(6x + 9) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{2}{7}, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

3.  $28x^2 - 38x - 3 = 3$   
 $28x^2 - 38x - 6 = 0$   
 $(4x - 6)(7x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{7}$

9.  $-63x^2 + 58x - 2 = 5$   
 $-63x^2 + 58x - 7 = 0$   
 $-(7x - 1)(9x - 7) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{7}, \frac{7}{9}$

4.  $56x^2 + 10x - 19 = 5$   
 $56x^2 + 10x - 24 = 0$   
 $(7x - 4)(8x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{4}{7}, -\frac{3}{4}$

10.  $18x^2 - 8x - 3 = 7$   
 $18x^2 - 8x - 10 = 0$   
 $(2x - 2)(9x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = 1, -\frac{5}{9}$

5.  $18x^2 + 6x - 11 = 1$   
 $18x^2 + 6x - 12 = 0$   
 $(6x - 4)(3x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{2}{3}, -1$

11.  $16x^2 - 22x + 2 = -5$   
 $16x^2 - 22x + 7 = 0$   
 $(8x - 7)(2x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{7}{8}, \frac{1}{2}$

6.  $28x^2 + 75x + 3 = -24$   
 $28x^2 + 75x + 27 = 0$   
 $(4x + 9)(7x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = -2 \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{3}{7}$

12.  $45x^2 - 58x + 2 = -14$   
 $45x^2 - 58x + 16 = 0$   
 $(9x - 8)(5x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{8}{9}, \frac{2}{5}$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (D)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -18x^2 + 30x - 6 = 2$$

$$7. \quad 8x^2 - 36x - 11 = 9$$

$$2. \quad -18x^2 + 48x - 13 = 11$$

$$8. \quad -6x^2 + 24x + 8 = -22$$

$$3. \quad -15x^2 - 40x - 23 = 2$$

$$9. \quad 20x^2 + 36x - 7 = 1$$

$$4. \quad 3x^2 - 28x + 6 = -26$$

$$10. \quad 14x^2 - 23x - 20 = 10$$

$$5. \quad -28x^2 + 13x = -5$$

$$11. \quad 40x^2 - 49x - 2 = 22$$

$$6. \quad 36x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$$

$$12. \quad -40x^2 - 38x - 5 = 1$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (D) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-18x^2 + 30x - 6 = 2$   
 $-18x^2 + 30x - 8 = 0$   
 $-(6x - 8)(3x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{1}{3}, \quad 1/3$

7.  $8x^2 - 36x - 11 = 9$   
 $8x^2 - 36x - 20 = 0$   
 $(8x + 4)(x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = -1/2, \quad 5$

2.  $-18x^2 + 48x - 13 = 11$   
 $-18x^2 + 48x - 24 = 0$   
 $(9x - 6)(2x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = 2/3, \quad 2$

8.  $-6x^2 + 24x + 8 = -22$   
 $-6x^2 + 24x + 30 = 0$   
 $-(6x + 6)(x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = -1, \quad 5$

3.  $-15x^2 - 40x - 23 = 2$   
 $-15x^2 - 40x - 25 = 0$   
 $(3x + 5)(5x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{2}{3}, \quad -1$

9.  $20x^2 + 36x - 7 = 1$   
 $20x^2 + 36x - 8 = 0$   
 $(4x + 8)(5x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = -2, \quad 1/5$

4.  $3x^2 - 28x + 6 = -26$   
 $3x^2 - 28x + 32 = 0$   
 $(x - 8)(3x - 4) = 0$   
 $x = 8, \quad 1 \frac{1}{3}$

10.  $14x^2 - 23x - 20 = 10$   
 $14x^2 - 23x - 30 = 0$   
 $(2x - 5)(7x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = 2 \frac{1}{2}, \quad -6/7$

5.  $-28x^2 + 13x = -5$   
 $-28x^2 + 13x + 5 = 0$   
 $(4x + 1)(7x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = -1/4, \quad 5/7$

11.  $40x^2 - 49x - 2 = 22$   
 $40x^2 - 49x - 24 = 0$   
 $(8x + 3)(5x - 8) = 0$   
 $x = -3/8, \quad 1 \frac{3}{5}$

6.  $36x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$   
 $36x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$   
 $(4x + 1)(9x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = -1/4, \quad 1/9$

12.  $-40x^2 - 38x - 5 = 1$   
 $-40x^2 - 38x - 6 = 0$   
 $-(8x + 6)(5x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = -3/4, \quad -1/5$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (E)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad 8x^2 - 15 = 17$$

$$7. \quad -30x^2 + 59x - 7 = 21$$

$$2. \quad 63x^2 - 60x - 5 = 22$$

$$8. \quad -28x^2 - 43x + 16 = -29$$

$$3. \quad -5x^2 - 25x - 7 = 13$$

$$9. \quad -9x^2 + 51x - 6 = 24$$

$$4. \quad 24x^2 + 52x = -24$$

$$10. \quad 30x^2 + 23x - 9 = 5$$

$$5. \quad 24x^2 + 60x + 20 = -16$$

$$11. \quad 30x^2 - 65x + 14 = -21$$

$$6. \quad 5x^2 + 11x - 26 = 10$$

$$12. \quad -24x^2 - 24x + 22 = -26$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (E) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $8x^2 - 15 = 17$

$8x^2 - 32 = 0$

$(2x - 4)(4x + 8) = 0$

$x = 2, -2$

7.  $-30x^2 + 59x - 7 = 21$

$-30x^2 + 59x - 28 = 0$

$-(6x - 7)(5x - 4) = 0$

$x = 1 \frac{1}{6}, \frac{4}{5}$

2.  $63x^2 - 60x - 5 = 22$

$63x^2 - 60x - 27 = 0$

$(7x - 9)(9x + 3) = 0$

$x = 1 \frac{2}{7}, -\frac{1}{3}$

8.  $-28x^2 - 43x + 16 = -29$

$-28x^2 - 43x + 45 = 0$

$-(4x + 9)(7x - 5) = 0$

$x = -2 \frac{1}{4}, \frac{5}{7}$

3.  $-5x^2 - 25x - 7 = 13$

$-5x^2 - 25x - 20 = 0$

$(5x + 5)(x + 4) = 0$

$x = -1, -4$

9.  $-9x^2 + 51x - 6 = 24$

$-9x^2 + 51x - 30 = 0$

$-(x - 5)(9x - 6) = 0$

$x = 5, \frac{2}{3}$

4.  $24x^2 + 52x = -24$

$24x^2 + 52x + 24 = 0$

$(6x + 4)(4x + 6) = 0$

$x = -\frac{2}{3}, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

10.  $30x^2 + 23x - 9 = 5$

$30x^2 + 23x - 14 = 0$

$(5x - 2)(6x + 7) = 0$

$x = \frac{2}{5}, -1 \frac{1}{6}$

5.  $24x^2 + 60x + 20 = -16$

$24x^2 + 60x + 36 = 0$

$(4x + 6)(6x + 6) = 0$

$x = -1 \frac{1}{2}, -1$

11.  $30x^2 - 65x + 14 = -21$

$30x^2 - 65x + 35 = 0$

$(6x - 7)(5x - 5) = 0$

$x = 1 \frac{1}{6}, 1$

6.  $5x^2 + 11x - 26 = 10$

$5x^2 + 11x - 36 = 0$

$(x + 4)(5x - 9) = 0$

$x = -4, 1 \frac{4}{5}$

12.  $-24x^2 - 24x + 22 = -26$

$-24x^2 - 24x + 48 = 0$

$-(6x - 6)(4x + 8) = 0$

$x = 1, -2$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (F)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -45x^2 - 4x = -1$$

$$7. \quad 36x^2 - 60x - 6 = 18$$

$$2. \quad -6x^2 + 38x - 5 = 35$$

$$8. \quad 8x^2 + 36x + 3 = -13$$

$$3. \quad 4x^2 + 12x - 6 = 1$$

$$9. \quad -6x^2 - 51x - 16 = 8$$

$$4. \quad 24x^2 + 63x + 9 = -21$$

$$10. \quad -21x^2 + 53x - 13 = 17$$

$$5. \quad -6x^2 + 3x = -3$$

$$11. \quad 32x^2 - 72x + 2 = -14$$

$$6. \quad 56x^2 + 50x = -6$$

$$12. \quad -48x^2 - 28x + 47 = -1$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (F) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

- |    |                                                                                                     |     |                                                                                                             |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. | $-45x^2 - 4x = -1$<br>$-45x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$<br>$-(9x - 1)(5x + 1) = 0$<br>$x = 1/9, -1/5$           | 7.  | $36x^2 - 60x - 6 = 18$<br>$36x^2 - 60x - 24 = 0$<br>$(4x - 8)(9x + 3) = 0$<br>$x = 2, -1/3$                 |
| 2. | $-6x^2 + 38x - 5 = 35$<br>$-6x^2 + 38x - 40 = 0$<br>$(6x - 8)(x - 5) = 0$<br>$x = 1 \frac{1}{3}, 5$ | 8.  | $8x^2 + 36x + 3 = -13$<br>$8x^2 + 36x + 16 = 0$<br>$(4x + 2)(2x + 8) = 0$<br>$x = -1/2, -4$                 |
| 3. | $4x^2 + 12x - 6 = 1$<br>$4x^2 + 12x - 7 = 0$<br>$(2x + 7)(2x - 1) = 0$<br>$x = -3 \frac{1}{2}, 1/2$ | 9.  | $-6x^2 - 51x - 16 = 8$<br>$-6x^2 - 51x - 24 = 0$<br>$-(6x + 3)(x + 8) = 0$<br>$x = -1/2, -8$                |
| 4. | $24x^2 + 63x + 9 = -21$<br>$24x^2 + 63x + 30 = 0$<br>$(8x + 5)(3x + 6) = 0$<br>$x = -5/8, -2$       | 10. | $-21x^2 + 53x - 13 = 17$<br>$-21x^2 + 53x - 30 = 0$<br>$-(7x - 6)(3x - 5) = 0$<br>$x = 6/7, 1 \frac{2}{3}$  |
| 5. | $-6x^2 + 3x = -3$<br>$-6x^2 + 3x + 3 = 0$<br>$(3x - 3)(2x + 1) = 0$<br>$x = 1, -1/2$                | 11. | $32x^2 - 72x + 2 = -14$<br>$32x^2 - 72x + 16 = 0$<br>$(8x - 2)(4x - 8) = 0$<br>$x = 1/4, 2$                 |
| 6. | $56x^2 + 50x = -6$<br>$56x^2 + 50x + 6 = 0$<br>$(7x + 1)(8x + 6) = 0$<br>$x = -1/7, -3/4$           | 12. | $-48x^2 - 28x + 47 = -1$<br>$-48x^2 - 28x + 48 = 0$<br>$-(6x + 8)(8x - 6) = 0$<br>$x = -1 \frac{1}{3}, 3/4$ |

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (G)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -20x^2 - 62x - 43 = 5$$

$$7. \quad -15x^2 - 30x + 40 = -5$$

$$2. \quad 12x^2 + 14x - 2 = 4$$

$$8. \quad 27x^2 - 12x = -1$$

$$3. \quad 12x^2 + 60x + 26 = -46$$

$$9. \quad 54x^2 - 21x - 1 = 2$$

$$4. \quad -64x^2 - 40x + 6 = 0$$

$$10. \quad 8x^2 - 24x - 13 = 1$$

$$5. \quad -21x^2 - 73x - 42 = 14$$

$$11. \quad -6x^2 - 30x - 5 = 19$$

$$6. \quad 18x^2 + 63x + 40 = -14$$

$$12. \quad 27x^2 - 102x + 15 = -48$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (G) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-20x^2 - 62x - 43 = 5$   
 $-20x^2 - 62x - 48 = 0$   
 $-(4x + 6)(5x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{1}{2}, -1 \frac{3}{5}$

7.  $-15x^2 - 30x + 40 = -5$   
 $-15x^2 - 30x + 45 = 0$   
 $-(3x + 9)(5x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = -3, 1$

2.  $12x^2 + 14x - 2 = 4$   
 $12x^2 + 14x - 6 = 0$   
 $(6x - 2)(2x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{3}, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

8.  $27x^2 - 12x = -1$   
 $27x^2 - 12x + 1 = 0$   
 $(3x - 1)(9x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{9}$

3.  $12x^2 + 60x + 26 = -46$   
 $12x^2 + 60x + 72 = 0$   
 $(4x + 8)(3x + 9) = 0$   
 $x = -2, -3$

9.  $54x^2 - 21x - 1 = 2$   
 $54x^2 - 21x - 3 = 0$   
 $(6x - 3)(9x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{9}$

4.  $-64x^2 - 40x + 6 = 0$   
 $-64x^2 - 40x + 6 = 0$   
 $-(8x - 1)(8x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{8}, -\frac{3}{4}$

10.  $8x^2 - 24x - 13 = 1$   
 $8x^2 - 24x - 14 = 0$   
 $(4x + 2)(2x - 7) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}$

5.  $-21x^2 - 73x - 42 = 14$   
 $-21x^2 - 73x - 56 = 0$   
 $(3x + 7)(7x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = -2 \frac{1}{3}, -1 \frac{1}{7}$

11.  $-6x^2 - 30x - 5 = 19$   
 $-6x^2 - 30x - 24 = 0$   
 $-(6x + 6)(x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = -1, -4$

6.  $18x^2 + 63x + 40 = -14$   
 $18x^2 + 63x + 54 = 0$   
 $(3x + 6)(6x + 9) = 0$   
 $x = -2, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

12.  $27x^2 - 102x + 15 = -48$   
 $27x^2 - 102x + 63 = 0$   
 $(9x - 7)(3x - 9) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{7}{9}, 3$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (H)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -28x^2 + 50x - 2 = 16$$

$$7. \quad -30x^2 + 3x + 24 = -39$$

$$2. \quad -56x^2 - 13x + 3 = 0$$

$$8. \quad 15x^2 - 4x - 1 = 2$$

$$3. \quad -21x^2 + 23x + 15 = -5$$

$$9. \quad 5x^2 + 19x - 10 = 20$$

$$4. \quad 20x^2 + 42x + 17 = -1$$

$$10. \quad 21x^2 + 66x = -48$$

$$5. \quad -40x^2 - 42x + 27 = -27$$

$$11. \quad -18x^2 + 13x - 1 = 1$$

$$6. \quad -32x^2 - 80x - 6 = 36$$

$$12. \quad 6x^2 + 20x + 5 = -11$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (H) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-28x^2 + 50x - 2 = 16$   
 $-28x^2 + 50x - 18 = 0$   
 $-(7x - 9)(4x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{2}{7}, \quad 1/2$

7.  $-30x^2 + 3x + 24 = -39$   
 $-30x^2 + 3x + 63 = 0$   
 $-(6x - 9)(5x + 7) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{1}{2}, \quad -1 \frac{2}{5}$

2.  $-56x^2 - 13x + 3 = 0$   
 $-56x^2 - 13x + 3 = 0$   
 $(8x + 3)(7x - 1) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{3}{8}, \quad 1/7$

8.  $15x^2 - 4x - 1 = 2$   
 $15x^2 - 4x - 3 = 0$   
 $(3x + 1)(5x - 3) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{1}{3}, \quad \frac{3}{5}$

3.  $-21x^2 + 23x + 15 = -5$   
 $-21x^2 + 23x + 20 = 0$   
 $(7x + 4)(3x - 5) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{4}{7}, \quad 1 \frac{2}{3}$

9.  $5x^2 + 19x - 10 = 20$   
 $5x^2 + 19x - 30 = 0$   
 $(5x - 6)(x + 5) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{1}{5}, \quad -5$

4.  $20x^2 + 42x + 17 = -1$   
 $20x^2 + 42x + 18 = 0$   
 $(5x + 3)(4x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = -\frac{3}{5}, \quad -1 \frac{1}{2}$

10.  $21x^2 + 66x = -48$   
 $21x^2 + 66x + 48 = 0$   
 $(3x + 6)(7x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = -2, \quad -1 \frac{1}{7}$

5.  $-40x^2 - 42x + 27 = -27$   
 $-40x^2 - 42x + 54 = 0$   
 $(5x + 9)(8x - 6) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{4}{5}, \quad \frac{3}{4}$

11.  $-18x^2 + 13x - 1 = 1$   
 $-18x^2 + 13x - 2 = 0$   
 $-(2x - 1)(9x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = \frac{1}{2}, \quad \frac{2}{9}$

6.  $-32x^2 - 80x - 6 = 36$   
 $-32x^2 - 80x - 42 = 0$   
 $(4x + 7)(8x + 6) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{3}{4}, \quad -\frac{3}{4}$

12.  $6x^2 + 20x + 5 = -11$   
 $6x^2 + 20x + 16 = 0$   
 $(3x + 4)(2x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{1}{3}, \quad -2$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (I)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad -27x^2 + 84x - 5 = 27$$

$$7. \quad -36x^2 - 17x + 8 = -27$$

$$2. \quad 81x^2 - 144x + 1 = -62$$

$$8. \quad 5x^2 + 8x - 2 = 2$$

$$3. \quad -8x^2 - 30x + 2 = -6$$

$$9. \quad -14x^2 - 52x + 10 = -6$$

$$4. \quad -2x^2 - 8x - 1 = 5$$

$$10. \quad 25x^2 - 85x + 52 = -20$$

$$5. \quad -54x^2 + 45x + 6 = -3$$

$$11. \quad -56x^2 - 58x = -18$$

$$6. \quad 6x^2 - 27x - 35 = 19$$

$$12. \quad 6x^2 - 9x - 6 = 21$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (I) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $-27x^2 + 84x - 5 = 27$   
 $-27x^2 + 84x - 32 = 0$   
 $-(9x - 4)(3x - 8) = 0$   
 $x = 4/9, 2 \frac{2}{3}$

7.  $-36x^2 - 17x + 8 = -27$   
 $-36x^2 - 17x + 35 = 0$   
 $-(4x + 5)(9x - 7) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{1}{4}, 7/9$

2.  $81x^2 - 144x + 1 = -62$   
 $81x^2 - 144x + 63 = 0$   
 $(9x - 9)(9x - 7) = 0$   
 $x = 1, 7/9$

8.  $5x^2 + 8x - 2 = 2$   
 $5x^2 + 8x - 4 = 0$   
 $(x + 2)(5x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = -2, 2/5$

3.  $-8x^2 - 30x + 2 = -6$   
 $-8x^2 - 30x + 8 = 0$   
 $(8x - 2)(x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = 1/4, -4$

9.  $-14x^2 - 52x + 10 = -6$   
 $-14x^2 - 52x + 16 = 0$   
 $-(7x - 2)(2x + 8) = 0$   
 $x = 2/7, -4$

4.  $-2x^2 - 8x - 1 = 5$   
 $-2x^2 - 8x - 6 = 0$   
 $-(2x + 2)(x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = -1, -3$

10.  $25x^2 - 85x + 52 = -20$   
 $25x^2 - 85x + 72 = 0$   
 $(5x - 9)(5x - 8) = 0$   
 $x = 1 \frac{4}{5}, 1 \frac{3}{5}$

5.  $-54x^2 + 45x + 6 = -3$   
 $-54x^2 + 45x + 9 = 0$   
 $(9x - 9)(6x + 1) = 0$   
 $x = 1, -1/6$

11.  $-56x^2 - 58x = -18$   
 $-56x^2 - 58x + 18 = 0$   
 $-(7x + 9)(8x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = -1 \frac{2}{7}, 1/4$

6.  $6x^2 - 27x - 35 = 19$   
 $6x^2 - 27x - 54 = 0$   
 $(x - 6)(6x + 9) = 0$   
 $x = 6, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

12.  $6x^2 - 9x - 6 = 21$   
 $6x^2 - 9x - 27 = 0$   
 $(3x - 9)(2x + 3) = 0$   
 $x = 3, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (J)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad 18x^2 + 33x = -9$$

$$7. \quad -45x^2 + 52x - 5 = 10$$

$$2. \quad -24x^2 - 53x + 2 = -5$$

$$8. \quad 35x^2 - 26x - 8 = 40$$

$$3. \quad -32x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$9. \quad 45x^2 + 121x + 22 = -50$$

$$4. \quad -14x^2 + 61x + 8 = -1$$

$$10. \quad -2x^2 + 15x - 1 = 26$$

$$5. \quad -6x^2 + 43x - 2 = 5$$

$$11. \quad -4x^2 + 6x + 16 = -2$$

$$6. \quad -6x^2 + 12x + 21 = -27$$

$$12. \quad 54x^2 - 12x - 1 = 1$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (J) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

1.  $18x^2 + 33x = -9$

$18x^2 + 33x + 9 = 0$

$(9x + 3)(2x + 3) = 0$

$x = -1/3, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

7.  $-45x^2 + 52x - 5 = 10$

$-45x^2 + 52x - 15 = 0$

$-(9x - 5)(5x - 3) = 0$

$x = 5/9, 3/5$

2.  $-24x^2 - 53x + 2 = -5$

$-24x^2 - 53x + 7 = 0$

$(3x + 7)(8x - 1) = 0$

$x = -2 \frac{1}{3}, 1/8$

8.  $35x^2 - 26x - 8 = 40$

$35x^2 - 26x - 48 = 0$

$(7x + 6)(5x - 8) = 0$

$x = -6/7, 1 \frac{3}{5}$

3.  $-32x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$

$-32x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$

$(8x + 1)(4x - 1) = 0$

$x = -1/8, 1/4$

9.  $45x^2 + 121x + 22 = -50$

$45x^2 + 121x + 72 = 0$

$(5x + 9)(9x + 8) = 0$

$x = -1 \frac{4}{5}, -8/9$

4.  $-14x^2 + 61x + 8 = -1$

$-14x^2 + 61x + 9 = 0$

$-(2x - 9)(7x + 1) = 0$

$x = 4 \frac{1}{2}, -1/7$

10.  $-2x^2 + 15x - 1 = 26$

$-2x^2 + 15x - 27 = 0$

$-(x - 3)(2x - 9) = 0$

$x = 3, 4 \frac{1}{2}$

5.  $-6x^2 + 43x - 2 = 5$

$-6x^2 + 43x - 7 = 0$

$(x - 7)(6x - 1) = 0$

$x = 7, 1/6$

11.  $-4x^2 + 6x + 16 = -2$

$-4x^2 + 6x + 18 = 0$

$-(2x - 6)(2x + 3) = 0$

$x = 3, -1 \frac{1}{2}$

6.  $-6x^2 + 12x + 21 = -27$

$-6x^2 + 12x + 48 = 0$

$(3x + 6)(2x - 8) = 0$

$x = -2, 4$

12.  $54x^2 - 12x - 1 = 1$

$54x^2 - 12x - 2 = 0$

$(6x - 2)(9x + 1) = 0$

$x = 1/3, -1/9$