

# Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (E)

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad x^2 + 2x - 1 = 62$$

$$7. \quad -x^2 + 3x + 12 = -6$$

$$2. \quad x^2 - 3x - 13 = 5$$

$$8. \quad x^2 - 27 = 54$$

$$3. \quad x^2 - 18 = 18$$

$$9. \quad -x^2 - 4x + 10 = -2$$

$$4. \quad -x^2 - 5x - 2 = 2$$

$$10. \quad -x^2 + x + 26 = -16$$

$$5. \quad -x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$11. \quad x^2 - 9x + 8 = -10$$

$$6. \quad x^2 + 11x + 10 = -8$$

$$12. \quad x^2 + 2x - 8 = 55$$

## Résolution d'Équations Quadratiques (E) Réponses

Calculer les solutions des équations suivantes.

$$1. \quad x^2 + 2x - 1 = 62$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 63 = 0$$

$$(x + 9)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = -9, 7$$

$$7. \quad -x^2 + 3x + 12 = -6$$

$$-x^2 + 3x + 18 = 0$$

$$-(x - 6)(x + 3) = 0$$

$$x = 6, -3$$

$$2. \quad x^2 - 3x - 13 = 5$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$$

$$(x - 6)(x + 3) = 0$$

$$x = 6, -3$$

$$8. \quad x^2 - 27 = 54$$

$$x^2 - 81 = 0$$

$$(x - 9)(x + 9) = 0$$

$$x = 9, -9$$

$$3. \quad x^2 - 18 = 18$$

$$x^2 - 36 = 0$$

$$(x - 6)(x + 6) = 0$$

$$x = 6, -6$$

$$9. \quad -x^2 - 4x + 10 = -2$$

$$-x^2 - 4x + 12 = 0$$

$$-(x - 2)(x + 6) = 0$$

$$x = 2, -6$$

$$4. \quad -x^2 - 5x - 2 = 2$$

$$-x^2 - 5x - 4 = 0$$

$$-(x + 1)(x + 4) = 0$$

$$x = -1, -4$$

$$10. \quad -x^2 + x + 26 = -16$$

$$-x^2 + x + 42 = 0$$

$$-(x - 7)(x + 6) = 0$$

$$x = 7, -6$$

$$5. \quad -x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$-x^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$(x - 2)(x + 2) = 0$$

$$x = 2, -2$$

$$11. \quad x^2 - 9x + 8 = -10$$

$$x^2 - 9x + 18 = 0$$

$$(x - 3)(x - 6) = 0$$

$$x = 3, 6$$

$$6. \quad x^2 + 11x + 10 = -8$$

$$x^2 + 11x + 18 = 0$$

$$(x + 2)(x + 9) = 0$$

$$x = -2, -9$$

$$12. \quad x^2 + 2x - 8 = 55$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 63 = 0$$

$$(x + 9)(x - 7) = 0$$

$$x = -9, 7$$