

La Stratégie d'Addition de Doubles (I)

Utiliser une stratégie d'addition de Doubles pour trouver chaque somme.

Exemple: $15 + 16 = 15 + 15 + 1 = 31$

$29 + 31 =$

$18 + 18 =$

$29 + 30 =$

$12 + 14 =$

$21 + 23 =$

$10 + 8 =$

$21 + 19 =$

$20 + 21 =$

$6 + 5 =$

$30 + 32 =$

$14 + 14 =$

$29 + 29 =$

$16 + 14 =$

$7 + 5 =$

$26 + 28 =$

$4 + 5 =$

$9 + 8 =$

$23 + 21 =$

$17 + 16 =$

$12 + 13 =$

$17 + 15 =$

$10 + 11 =$

$24 + 24 =$

$19 + 18 =$

$29 + 30 =$

$3 + 3 =$

$18 + 16 =$

$29 + 28 =$

$4 + 2 =$

$12 + 13 =$